BRAND Liquid Handling Station

Contamination-free, automatic pipetting into 384-well microplates with the BRAND Liquid Handling Station

**Introduction**

With the BRAND Liquid Handling Station (LHS), a wide variety of everyday laboratory tasks can be performed automatically, with accurate results. Manually pipetting into 384-well microplates, as is common in high-throughput screening (HTS), is easily susceptible to errors and contamination. The objective of this technical note is to determine the contamination risk for pipetting into a 384-well microplate with the LHS. A common method used to establish this risk is to pipette a measuring solution into a microplate in a checkerboard pattern. Because the measuring solution is missing in every second well, contamination between wells can be measured.

**Material and method**

Every second well of a 384-well microplate (Cat. No. 781620), beginning with Well A2, is filled in checkerboard pattern with 50 μl of a 1.5% solution of the food coloring Patent Blue V (E131). Next, each empty well is filled with 50 μl of fully deionized (DI) water. The pipetting procedure is carried out once with the 50 μl single-channel liquid end (SC LE) and once with the 50 μl multi-channel liquid end (MC LE). In addition, in another plate, each well is filled with 50 μl of DI water. This plate serves as the negative control. The absorption of all plates is then measured in the Nanoware Infinite M200 Pro from Tecan at 640 nm. Based on the signal strengths in the wells, in which only DI water had been pipetted, it can then be determined if contamination of the food coloring has taken place.
Results and discussion

Analysis of the negative control shows a mean absorption value of $\bar{\text{A}}_{\text{Neg}} = 0.0381 \pm 0.0013$. Because the measured values of the negative control are not normally distributed, the critical value, i.e. the value at which contamination can be assumed, is defined as the maximum measured value of the negative control. This value amounts to $\text{A}_{\text{crit}} = 0.0468$. This absorption corresponds to a substance quantity of $10.24 \text{ pmol}$ and a coloring solution volume of $2.51 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ pl}$.

As shown in Figure 1, no contamination was found in any of the wells filled with water in both 384-well microplates. For the pipetting procedure with the 50 μl SC LE, a maximum absorption of $\text{A}_{\text{Max SC}} = 0.0428$ was measured, and for the 50 μl MC LE, a maximum absorption of $\text{A}_{\text{Max MC}} = 0.0409$ was measured.
Conclusion

Pipetting with the LHS into a 384-well microplate showed no errors and no contaminations with both a single-channel LE and a multichannel LE. Therefore, the LHS is suitable for sensitive samples during HTS.

Please appreciate, therefore, that no claims can be derived from our advice. The user is responsible for checking the appropriateness of the product for any particular application. California Residents: For more information concerning California Proposition 65, please refer to www.brand.de/calprop65.

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